

Health Care Reform: Health Plans Overview

2014 What's ahead Will Hammond VP Sales / Benefits Mgr. Bell-Anderson Insurance

Agenda

- Individual Mandate
- Health Insurance Exchanges
- Employer Responsibilities
- Questions

Individual Mandate

- Jan. 1, 2014: Individuals must enroll in coverage or pay a penalty
- Penalty amount: Greater of \$ amount or a % of income
 - -2014 = \$95 or 1%
 - -2015 = \$325 or 2%
 - -2016 = \$695 or 2.5%

Health Insurance Exchanges

- Health insurance exchanges will be established in each state (by the state or the federal government)
- Individuals and small employers can purchase coverage through an exchange (Qualified Health Plans)
 - In 2017, states can allow employers of any size to purchase coverage through exchange
- Individuals can be eligible for tax credits
 - Limits on income and government program eligibility
 - Employer plan is unaffordable or not of minimum value

Employer Responsibility

- Large employers subject to "Pay or Play" rule
 - Offer coverage of a certain quality or possibly pay a penalty
- Applies to employers with 50 or more full-time equivalent employees in prior calendar year
 - FT employee: employed for an average of at least 30 hours of service per week
- Penalties may apply if the employer:
 - Fails to offer minimum essential coverage to all FT employees (and dependents) OR
 - Offers coverage that is not affordable or does not provide minimum value
- Penalties triggered if any FT employee gets subsidized coverage through Exchange

Exchange Premium Assistance

- Employee eligibility will trigger employer penalties
- Employees who are offered coverage
 - Not enrolled in employer's plan
 - Not eligible for government programs (like Medicaid)
 - Meet income requirements (less than 400% of FPL)
 - Employer's coverage is unaffordable (greater than 9.5% of income) or not of minimum value (covers less than 60% of cost of benefits)

Employer Penalty Amounts

- Employers that fail to offer coverage to all FT employees:
 - \$2,000 per full-time employee (excludes first 30 employees)

Safe Harbors

- Employer penalties: who is a full-time employee?
 - Ongoing employees
 - New full-time employees
 - New seasonal and variable hour employees
- Affordability safe harbors
 - Three optional safe harbors for determining affordability W-2 wages, rate of pay and federal poverty line
- Waiting periods
 - Cannot exceed 90 days
 - No penalty for employees in waiting period
- Options for determining minimum value (MV)
 - MV calculator, design-based safe harbor checklist, actuary certification or metal level (small group plans)
- Employers can rely on safe harbors through 2014

Waiting Period Limitations

- Waiting periods limited to 90 days beginning with 2014 plan year
 - Proposed rule issued on March 18, 2013 (may rely on proposed rule through 2014)
 - First of the month following 90 days **not** permissible
- Employers can use up to a 12-month measurement period to determine FT status for variable hour employees
 - Coverage must be effective by 13 months from start date (plus remaining days in the month)

More 2014 Changes

- No pre-existing condition exclusions or limitations
- Coverage of clinical trial participation
- Guaranteed issue and renewal
- No annual limits on essential health benefits

Questions?

Thank you!

This presentation is not intended to be exhaustive nor should any discussion or opinions be construed as legal advice. Please contact legal counsel for legal advice on specific situations. This presentation may not be duplicated or redistributed without permission. © 2012 -2013 Zywave, Inc. All rights reserved.